

GLEBE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended

31ST MARCH 2023

An exempt charity and society registered under The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 (no. 19874R)

Glebe Housing Association Limited REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

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REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

BOARD	Aida Filipovic Daniel Blake Gordon Coates Helen Martin James Smith Laura Beales Michael Rourke Patricia Michael Forrester	(resigned June 2022) Chair
CHIEF EXECUTIVE/ SECRETARY	Patricia Goan	
BANKERS	Lloyds Bank plc PO Box 1000 Andover BX1 1LT	
AUDITOR	Beever and Struthers 150 Minories London EC3N 1LS	

REGISTERED OFFICE AND	Bencurtis Park
PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	Corkscrew Hill
	West Wickham
	Kent BR4 9QD

STATUTORY REGISTRATIONS

An exempt charity and society registered with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (No 19874R) Regulator of Social Housing: No L0664

BOARD REPORT

The Board presents its report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 for Glebe Housing Association Limited.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Glebe Housing Association provides affordable rented and leasehold accommodation for older people in need of housing in West Wickham and Bromley.

Glebe Housing Association is a community-based housing association which has been providing sheltered housing and support to people in need since 1976. The Association currently manages 209 sheltered dwellings. It is an exempt charity registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is registered with the Regulator of Social Housing (RSH).

REVIEW OF THE YEAR

The Association ended the year with a surplus before pension adjustment of £11,461 and an operating surplus of £130,444. After considering the pension adjustment (an actuarial loss of £83,000) the overall position is a deficit of £71,539 for the year ended 31^{st} March 2023.

Following the closure of Glebe Court Nursing Home in March 2022, our focus this year has been establishment of new staffing structure to support our core business of sheltered housing and the associated services; refurbishment works to generate additional units of housing; stabilising our costs in a challenging external environment.

Sheltered Housing and Leasehold Bungalows

The unique offering that Glebe Housing Association has is centred on the services delivered within the grounds of Bencurtis Park. When reporting last year, we had just lifted measures to prevent and control the spread of coronavirus. This year has seen a welcome return to normal with residents being able to enjoy the full range of facilities and activities within Bencurtis Park. This is an outline summary of what we have delivered over the year:

- Major flooring renewal contract across our 2 apartment blocks (129 apartments) with investment of £102,000 to improve flooring throughout the communal areas and all stairwells.
- Investment of £12,000 to upgrade our guest room to include ensuite facilities and development of new warden offices.
- Investment in Adams Hall renewal of the gas pipeline £11,500.
- Communal lighting upgrade Ashby Close £4,250.
- Provision of furniture for Adams Hall restaurant and upgrading of lighting in the kitchen. Refurbishment of storerooms for the kitchen.
- Demand for our sheltered housing rental accommodation and leasehold bungalows remains strong and our waiting lists are actively managed. There were four bungalow sales in the year.

REVIEW OF THE YEAR (continued)

Investing for the future

With the Board's approval, the Association's programme of investment delivered additional units for the Association:

- Investment in renovating redundant communal space to create six new sheltered housing units in Sarjeant Court and Willis Court.
- The flats above the Associations' offices in Glebe House were renovated to deliver two flats let at market rent.

Stabilising our costs

- A full staffing restructure was carried out following the closure of Glebe Court Nursing Home.
- Contracts associated with Glebe Court were wound down and CQC registration cancelled.
- The rise of inflation has added to cost pressures during the year which has meant controlling spend on maintenance whilst ensuring compliance and safety works are delivered.
- The Association was able to obtain energy support through the Energy Bill Relief Scheme with discounts passed on to residents.
- The Board recognised the impact of the cost-of-living crisis and therefore approved two cost-of-living payments to staff during the year.
- We are committed to delivering VFM and will develop long-term partnerships wherever possible to deliver efficiencies in provision of our services as well as cost savings.

Glebe Court

- There has been considerable interest in the asset as a nursing home and as a development site, but at the time of writing no decision has been made on its future use. We will update all stakeholders when we are able to do so.
- The Association has maintained and enhanced protection of the Glebe Court asset. This has included collaborating with the local police to use the building for police dog training.

External

• We participate in regular networking meetings in the sector including g320 and HfOP, to share ideas and compare good practice with other organisations.

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

Value for Money (VFM) Metrics

For Glebe Housing, VFM means being effective in how we plan, manage and operate our business. It means making the best use of the resources available to us to provide value to our residents, our partners, stakeholders and funders. The value we provide is both financial and social.

The RSH asks that we publish performance evidence in our annual accounts against seven key metrics. The Value for Money Standard requires associations to report in their accounts how they have performed against their own metrics and how that performance compares to peers.

We continue to be members of the smaller housing associations' benchmarking group through Acuity SPBM. This allows us to benchmark our performance within our sectoral group of housing for older people where we perform well against the key areas of voids, arrears, and repairs. Our Resident Panel continues to scrutinise our performance and service delivery in key areas.

The table below highlights the RSH metrics, the previous year's performance, this year's target and performance, and the median for comparative housing associations:

RSH Metric	2021/22 Outcome	2022/23 Target	2022/23 Outcome	SPBM Median
Reinvestment %	1%	3%	5%	4%
New supply delivered %	0%	3%	3%	0%
Gearing %	11%	<60%	15%	7%
EBITDA MRI interest cover %	-215%	186%	3%	406%
Headline social housing cost per unit	6,774	8,313	8,704	5,755
Operating margin (social housing lettings) %	0%	-13%	-10%	14%
Operating margin (overall) %	-10%	4%	5%	8%
ROCE	-3.4%	0.8%	1.1%	1.2%

Definitions of metrics can be found in the technical note issued by the RSH.

- Reinvestment % works to develop three additional units for rent commenced in February 2022 completing in summer 2022, with a further three units completed in December 2022. New flooring was laid throughout our main social housing accommodation block which completed in March 2023.
- 2. New supply delivered (social housing units) % six new social housing units were delivered in the year. No newly built units were acquired during the year.
- 3. Gearing % is the net debt as a percentage of the carrying value of housing properties. The gearing for 2022/23 increased as cash was used to invest in new supply to generate additional income. On 31 March 2023 the net debt was £1,345,765 and housing property was valued at £8,785,049. The cash balance of £1,291,472 compares to a long-term loan balance of £2,561,046.
- 4. EBITDA MRI interest cover % is a key indicator for liquidity and investment capacity; it is the level of surplus generated compared to the interest payable. The metric for 2022/23 is low reflecting a sizeable investment in new social housing units and new flooring in the year.

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

- 5. Headline social housing cost per unit the cost per unit of this metric has increased reflecting the investment in delivering six new social housing units in 2022/23 as well as new communal flooring in our main accommodation blocks. Compared to our peers the Association has invested more this year and therefore the cost per unit is higher than the SPBM median. Additionally, being a provider of supported housing will result in relatively higher costs being incurred compared to peers.
- Operating margin (social housing lettings) % the metric in 2022/23 was an improvement on 2020/21. A portion of management overheads previously allocated to Glebe Court Nursing Home are now included here, therefore the improvement reflects the cost control in the business.
- 7. Operating margin (overall) % the metric in 2022/23 is positive because of completing four leasehold bungalow sales in the year. Residual costs remain for Glebe Court Nursing Home, and these are reflected in the metrics. It should be noted that in 2021/22 the losses at Glebe Court Nursing Home resulted in an operating deficit and therefore negative operating margin.
- 8. ROCE the Association delivered an operating surplus in the year to give a Return of Capital Employed of 1.1% which is in line with the SPBM median of 1.2%.

GOVERNANCE

We have a robust system of rules, codes, management policies and procedures to help maintain a high standard of governance and conduct and remain compliant with legal requirements.

Code of Governance

The Association's Constitution is the National Housing Federation's (NHF) Model Rules 2015 as amended and approved by the Regulator in 2015. The Board was fully compliant with the 2015 Code throughout the year and working towards compliance with the new Code of Governance 2020 for March 2024. The Board follows the NHF Code of Conduct 2012. The Board also has its own code of conduct, Conduct Becoming.

The Association uses the main principles of the NHF codes in a way that is proportionate to its size. The governance code recognises that NHF members may choose other mechanisms to achieve compliance with the principles and provisions within the code based on the scale and complexity of individual organisations.

Compliance with Governance and Financial Viability Standard

The Board confirms that the Association remains compliant with the RSH Governance and Financial Viability Standard with no breaches identified since the previous report was issued.

BOARD

The Board is made up of 8 members. Board members are non-executive and for legal purposes are considered directors.

The Association seeks to ensure that the Board, collectively, has the range of skills, qualities and experience required to conduct the affairs of the Association. Board members bring the required skills set to the Board to deliver on its plans.

Board members are drawn from a diverse range of backgrounds in business and professional life bringing a broad range of experience to Board decision making. The Board do not receive remuneration for their services to the Association and are only reimbursed for incidental expenses incurred in their role as Board Members. Clear distinctions exist between the role of the Board and the Executive Management Team (EMT) to which day to day management is delegated. Matters of policy, strategy and budget planning are prepared by the EMT for consideration and approval by Board members.

Board members act in the best interests of the Association, adopt high standards of probity and integrity and avoid conflicts of interest. They have a high record of attendance at formal meetings and regularly attend meetings and other functions as required. All members subscribe to the shared values of Glebe Housing Association. Our Board members evidence a proper understanding of the issues facing the community we serve and, using their wide knowledge and experience collectively steer the Association so that it fulfils its mission. Our Board membership includes one resident Board member.

The Annual General Meeting is held in the autumn of the year when Board members are elected or re-elected if applicable.

SHAREHOLDERS

In September 2020 the Association updated its Shareholding Membership Policy. The new policy is not to extend the current shareholding membership. There are other ways to enable stakeholders, residents, and anyone interested in the Association to participate actively in the business - for example through customer feedback panels, resident scrutiny panels, resident groups and resident surveys.

In line with other Registered Providers, the aim of the policy is to move to a "closed membership" where only Board members are shareholders.

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

BUSINESS PLAN 2020 to 2024

Our Business Plan has been developed in partnership with our board, staff and stakeholders. The external environment following the pandemic is now one of high inflation, high interest rates and labour skill shortages. Energy prices continue to impact the business. At a local level, we have the introduction of the Social Housing (regulation) Act, Building Safety Act, Fire Safety Act, the National Housing Federation Governance Code and Ombudsman Code.

Our business plan 2020-24 has been revised in light of the closure of Glebe Court nursing home. We remain financially stable and have maintained our reserves. We have good relationships with our lenders, and we will continue to sustain a stable position. It is crucial that we evaluate our services and ensure that we achieve value for money across our business. Our business plan continues to focus on four key objectives:

- Investment and Growth.
- Deliver efficient and effective housing and support services through improved organisational efficiencies.
- Remain financially strong whilst promoting and sustaining our services into the future.
- Improve our services through resident engagement.

Glebe is a well-known, locally embedded community housing provider. The London Borough of Bromley has a growing older population and demand for good quality housing with support services will continue to rise and we remain ready to meet that demand. We continue to support residents with our 24-hour onsite wardens and with communal services and facilities provided that are not available to many older residents in the wider community.

With this plan we will optimise our assets and financial capacity to support our development and growth. We aim to deliver more homes to meet demand for our services and shall do so by building our relationships with the local authority and our partner housing associations. In the year we delivered eight new units to our housing stock.

Progress against corporate priorities is reviewed regularly by the Board following presentation of strategic, operational, and financial updates.

Glebe Housing Association Limited REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board of the Association has overall responsibility for establishing and maintaining the system of internal controls and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The system of internal controls is designed to manage, rather than eliminate risk and to provide reasonable assurance that key business objectives and expected outcomes will be achieved.

In meeting its responsibilities, the Board has adopted a risk-based approach to internal controls which are embedded within normal management and governance processes. The approach includes regular evaluation of the nature and extent of risks to which the Association is exposed and is consistent with good practice principles outlined in the regulatory and other guidance.

The process adopted by the Board in reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal controls, together with some of the key elements of the control framework includes:

Identification and Evaluation of Key Risks

Management responsibility has been clearly defined for the identification, evaluation and control of significant risks. The Executive Management Team regularly considers these significant risks, creating and monitoring a risk map, which is reviewed and approved by both Audit and Risk Committee and the Board. The Chief Executive is responsible for reporting to the Board any significant changes affecting key risks. The risk register has been constantly updated over the past year with all the mitigations put in place.

Monitoring Arrangements

A process of control and self-assessment and regular management reporting on control issues provides assurance to the Executive Team and to the Board. This includes a rigorous procedure for ensuring that corrective action is taken in relation to any significant control issues. This covers all operational areas and is not limited to those with material impact on the financial statements. There are also regular Internal Audit reviews of key areas decided by the Board.

Control environment and control procedures

The Board retains responsibility for a defined range of issues covering strategic, operational, and financial and compliance issues including new business investment, treasury strategy, new investments projects, data protection, fraud prevention and detection and health and safety standards.

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

Information and financial reporting systems

Key Policies

The Board retains responsibility for reviewing and approving the key strategies and policies that are designed to provide effective control. Glebe Housing Association has a full set of policies and procedures which seek to safeguard the Association against risk.

The internal control framework and risk management process are subject to review by Glebe's internal auditor who is responsible for providing independent assurance to the Board. An internal audit was conducted and reported to Board in July 2022. The result of the internal audit work provided management and the Board with a substantial degree of assurance that the Association generally has good controls for the areas reviewed. Also, there were no high priority findings made for the areas reviewed.

The Board confirms that there is an on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks faced by the Association. This process has been in place throughout the year under review, up to the date of this report and is reviewed regularly by the Board.

Going Concern

The Board considers the Association to have adequate resources, post closure of Glebe Court Nursing Home, which will ensure that the Association continues in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being a period of at least 12 months after the date on which the report and financial statements are signed. It is therefore appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these accounts. The Board has reviewed the business from the perspective of the core areas of rental income, sales, assets and liabilities, loan covenants, cash reserves and overall financial viability.

The Board has reviewed stress tests for the Association to satisfy itself of the ongoing viability of the Association. This assessment has been made to March 2025, and is based upon the Association's level of cash held on 31 March 2023, the annual budget for 2023-24, the business plan and longer-term cash flow projections.

The Association can report compliance with all loan covenants on 31 March 2023.

Annual General Meeting

The Association's annual general meeting will be held on 26 September 2023.

Auditor

Beever and Struthers have expressed a willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Statement of Board's responsibilities under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 for a registered provider of social housing/registered social landlord

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for instituting adequate systems of internal control and for:

- safeguarding assets,
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, The Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2022.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

The Board has confirmed that, as far as it is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. Each of the Board members has confirmed that they have taken all steps which they ought to have taken as members of the Board, to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

HIT In In

Michael Rourke Chair

Date: 22 August 2023

For the year ended 31 March 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO GLEBE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Glebe Housing Association Limited (the Association) for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Reserves, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of the Association's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2022.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Board Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 or the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept adequate accounting records; or
- the Association's financial statements are not in agreement with books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Statement of Board's Responsibilities set out on page 12, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In identifying and addressing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

- We obtained an understanding of laws and regulations that affect the Association, focusing on those that had a direct effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental effect on its operations. Key laws and regulations that we identified included the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act, the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered housing providers: Housing SORP 2018, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008, the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2022, tax legislation, health and safety legislation, and employment legislation.
- We enquired of the Board and reviewed correspondence and Board meeting minutes for evidence of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations. We also reviewed controls the Board have in place, where necessary, to ensure compliance.
- We gained an understanding of the controls that the Board have in place to prevent and detect fraud. We enquired of the Board about any incidences of fraud that had taken place during the accounting period.
- The risk of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud was discussed within the audit team and tests were planned and performed to address these risks. We identified the potential for fraud in the following areas: laws related to the construction and provision of social housing recognising the nature of the Association's activities and the regulated nature of the Association's activities.
- We reviewed financial statements disclosures and tested to supporting documentation to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations discussed above.
- We enquired of the Board about actual and potential litigation and claims.
- We performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that might indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.

• In addressing the risk of fraud due to management override of internal controls we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates were indicative of a potential bias.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations and cannot be expected to detect all fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association, in accordance with section 87 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and Section 128 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Seever and Struthes

Beever and Struthers Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Date: 25 August 2023

150 Minories London EC3N 1LS

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Notes	2023 Continuing operations £	2023 Discontinued operations £	2023 Total £	2022 Continuing operations £	2022 Discontinued operations £	2022 Total £
TURNOVER	2a	2,765,147		2,765,147	2,314,704	1,773,602	4,088,306
Cost of sales	2a	(1,133,485)	-	(1,133,485)	(843,073)	-	(843,073)
Operating costs	2a	(1,471,898)	(29,320)	(1,501,218)	(1,329,700)	(2,330,440)	(3,660,140)
OPERATING SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)	4	159,764	(29,320)	130,444	141,931	(556,838)	(414,907)
Interest receivable	5	13,580	-	13,580	1,682	-	1,682
Interest and finance costs payable	6	(132,563)	-	(132,563)	(82,277)		(82,277)
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		40,781	(29,320)	11,461	61,336	(556,838)	(495,502)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				-			-
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension schemes	18			(83,000)			206,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR				(71,539)			(289,502)

The Association's operating surplus / (deficit) shown above has been separated to show that arising from continuing operations and discontinued operations.

The notes on pages 21 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The Financial Statements on pages 17 to 39 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Management on 22 August 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

HITKL

Michael Rourke Chair

Ptoes Of.

Patricia Goan Secretary

Aida Filipovic Chair of Audit & Risk Committee

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Called up share capital £	Revenue reserve £	Restricted reserve £	Total £
Balance at 1 April 2021	27	8,445,992	65,879	8,511,898
Shares forfeited during the year Surplus/(deficit) total comprehensive income for the year	(5)	- (289,502)	-	(5) (289,502)
BALANCE AT 31 MARCH 2022	22	8,156,490	65,879	8,222,391
Balance at 1 April 2022	22	8,156,490	65,879	8,222,391
Shares forfeited during the year Surplus/(deficit) total comprehensive income for the year	(3)	- (51,170)	- (20,369)	(3) (71,539)
BALANCE AT 31 MARCH 2023	19	8,105,320	45,510	8,150,849

The notes on pages 21 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Notes	2023	2022
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		£	£
Housing properties	9a	8,785,049	8,681,687
Other fixed assets	9b	2,288,472	2,273,046
	• -	11,073,521	10,954,733
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks and work in progress	10	5,462	6,879
Debtors	11	76,841	64,760
Current asset investments	12	525,581	517,021
Cash at bank and in hand		765,891	1,222,810
		1,373,775	1,811,470
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(246,600)	(387,519)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,127,175	1,423,951
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		12,200,696	12,378,684
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(3,601,847)	(3,695,293)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			
Multi-employer pension scheme defined benefit liability	18	(448,000)	(461,000)
NET ASSETS		8,150,849	8,222,391
		·	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	19	19	22
Revenue reserve	20	8,105,320	8,156,490
Restricted reserve	20	45,510	65,879
		8,150,849	8,222,391

The Financial Statements on pages 17 to 39 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Management on 22 August 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Michael Rourke Chair

Ptoes Pfi.

Patricia Goan Secretary

Aida Filipovic Chair of Audit & Risk Committee

The notes on pages 21 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Notes	2023	2022
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (see note below)	267,210	(124,680)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Social housing grants received Purchase of tangible fixed assets Fixed asset transfers Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets	(534,977) - -	- (105,274) 15,550 -
Interest received 5	13,580	1,682
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(521,397)	(88,042)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid Bank borrowings Repayment of bank borrowings Shares issued/(forfeited)	(106,034) - (88,135) (3)	(55,645) - (93,637) (5)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(194,172)	(149,287)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(448,359)	(362,009)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,739,831	2,101,840
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	1,291,472	1,739,831
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CONSISTS OF: Cash at bank and in hand Current asset investments	765,891 525,581	1,222,810 517,021
-	1,291,472	1,739,831
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Surplus for the year Depreciation charges Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Decrease/(increase) in stock	11,461 333,359 - 1,417	(495,502) 378,456 - (2,075)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(12,081) (51,357)	62,816 (17,392)
Pension costs less contributions payable Adjustments for investing or finance activities	(96,000)	(89,000)
Social housing grants utilised in the year Interest payable Interest receivable	(20,790) 114,781 (13,580)	(20,790) 60,489 (1,682)
	267,210	(124,680)

The notes on pages 21 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

LEGAL STATUS

Glebe Housing Association is a charity and society registered under The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 with the Financial Conduct Authority (no. 19874R). It's registered and principal place of business is Bencurtis Park, Corkscrew Hill, West Wickham, Kent, BR4 9QD

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including Financial Reporting Standard 102: The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers 2018 (SORP), and with the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing in England 2019. The financial statements are also prepared under the requirements of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Glebe Housing Association is a public benefit entity in accordance with FRS 102. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention. The financial statements are prepared in sterling (\pounds), which is the functional currency of the Association, and rounded to the nearest \pounds 1.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows:

Turnover represents rental and service charge income receivable, income from sale of properties, restaurant takings and donations, net of value added tax, where applicable, which are recognised in the period for which they are receivable. Rental income is recognised when the property is available for let, net of voids.

Income from the sale of properties is recognised at the point of legal completion of the sale.

SERVICE CHARGES

Service charge income and costs are recognised on an accruals basis. The Group operates both fixed and variable service charges on a scheme by scheme basis in full consultation with residents. Where variable service charges are used the charges will include an allowance for the surplus or deficit from prior years, with the surplus being returned to residents by a reduced charge and a deficit being recovered by a higher charge. Until these are returned or recovered, they are held as creditors or debtors in the Statement of Financial Position.

Where periodic expenditure is required a provision may be built up over the years, in consultation with the residents; until these costs are incurred this liability is held in the Statement of Financial Position within long term creditors.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Social housing grants received from Homes England for capital projects are recognised at the fair value of the grant received or receivable. Where developments have been financed wholly or partly by social housing and other grants, the amount of the grant received has been included as deferred income using the accruals model and amortised over the useful economic life of the asset. This amortisation is recognised within turnover.

Grants received via the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme are accounted for as Other Operating Income. They are recognised based on the performance model when the associated performance obligations are met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

GLEBE COURT CONSERVATORY GRANT

During 2003 the Association received grants from the Glebe Court Residents Support Group covering the full costs of construction of the new conservatory at Glebe Court. These grants were accounted for as deferred income which was released to turnover to match the depreciation charge on the asset using the accruals model. Depreciation of the Glebe Court conservatory began in 2003/04 and is now fully depreciated.

INTEREST RECEIVABLE

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable. This is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the Bank.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Freehold land is not depreciated. Housing properties are maintained to a high standard, with both day to day and cyclical maintenance programme expenditure being charged in the accounts as incurred.

No value is included in the accounts in respect of freehold reversions attributable to bungalows sold on long

Where a housing property comprises two or more major components with substantially different useful economic lives (UELs), each component is accounted for separately and depreciated over its individual UEL. Expenditure relating to subsequent replacement or renewal of components is capitalised as incurred.

The Association depreciates freehold housing properties by component on a straight-line basis over the estimated UELs of the component categories. UELs for identified components are as follows:

Component	Years
Main fabric/structure	100
Roofs - Pitched	60
Roofs - Flat	25
Windows & external doors	30
Heating Systems (boilers)	15
Heating Systems (radiators & pipes)	30
Kitchens	20
Bathrooms	25
Mechanical systems	30
Electrics	30
Lifts	25
Flooring	12

Depreciation is charged on other tangible fixed assets on a straight-line basis over the expected economic useful lives which are as follows:

Component	Years
Offices (Freehold)	60
Motor vehicles	4
Furniture and equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	4
Photovoltaic roof panels	25

Assets under construction are carried at cost and are not depreciated until they are available for use. Finance costs incurred in relation to the construction of tangible fixed assets are not capitalised. Where the Association incurs significant incremental development overheads in connection with the management of developments these overheads are capitalised.

Continued on next page...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS continued

Works to existing properties which replace a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes, along with those works that result in an increase in rental income over the lives of the properties, reduce future maintenance costs or result in a significant extension of the life of the property, are capitalised as improvements. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Freehold buildings are reviewed for impairment regularly. Impairments resulting in a major reduction in service potential are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive income.

STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and short-term investments shown as current asset investments.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Association participates in the Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS), which is a funded multi-employer defined benefit scheme.

A liability for the Association's obligations under the plan is recognised net of plan assets. The net change in the net defined benefit liability is recognised as the cost of the defined benefit plan during the period. Pension plan assets are measured at fair value and the defined benefit obligation is measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method. Actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date.

Further details of the SHPS and its assumptions are included at note 18.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Association has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Association only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at amortised cost with bank loans measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at transaction price initially, plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through the Statement of Comprehensive Income, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Financial instruments held by the Group are classified as follows:

- · Financial assets such as cash are held at cost
- Financial assets such as receivables and payables are classified as loans and receivables and held at amortised cost using the effective interest method,
- Financial liabilities such as loans are held at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in operating costs.

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

IMPAIRMENT

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. Impairment of fixed assets is assessed at the level of each separate development. The key indicators considered are the obsolescence of the whole, or a significant part, of the asset, changes in government policy, regulation or legislation with material detrimental effects and changes in demand which are considered irreversible. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell, and value in use. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in expenditure through the statement of comprehensive income.

JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Association's accounting policies, the Board is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

The critical judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty in applying the Association's accounting policies are as follows:

Multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme:

The cost of defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefits are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty. In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of corporate bonds in the respective currency with at least AA rating, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation. The underlying bonds are further reviewed for quality, and those having excessive credit spreads are removed from the population bonds on which the discount rate is based, on the basis that they do not represent high quality bonds. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific sector. Future salary increases and pension increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective sector. Further details are given in Note 18.

Useful economic lives of tangible assets and components:

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values. The carrying value of tangible fixed assets at 31 March 2023 was £11,073,521.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Useful economic lives of tangible assets and components:

Impairment of housing properties

In assessing whether there are any indications of impairment of housing properties the Association has estimated the recoverable amount, being the value in use in respect of service potential using depreciated replacement cost as the measure. In measuring depreciated replacement cost assumptions have been applied concerning the the cost of building replacements and the cost of purchasing replacement properties in the immediate locality for similar use.

The Group has identified a cash generating unit for impairment assessment purposes at a property scheme level.

GOING CONCERN

The Board considers the Association to have adequate resources following the closure of Glebe Court Nursing Home in the year ended 31 March 2022. This has ensured that the Association continues in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being a period of at least 12 months after the date on which the report and financial statements are signed. It is therefore appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these accounts. The Board has reviewed the business from the perspective of the core areas of rental income, sales, care provision, assets and liabilities, loan covenants, cash reserves and overall financial viability.

The Board has reviewed stress tests for the Association to satisfy itself of the ongoing viability of the Association. This assessment has been made to March 2025, and is based upon the Association's level of cash held at 31 March 2023, the annual budget for 2023-24, the 5 year business plan and longer term cash flow projections.

The Board's is pleased to report that the Association is compliant with the financial covenants relating to loans with Lloyds Bank and Charity Bank for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The Board approved budget for 2023-24 will maintain compliance with the loan covenants at 31 March 2024.

TAX

The Association is registered as a charity with HM Revenue & Customs. By virtue of S478 Corporation Tax Act 2010, the association is exempt from corporation tax. Should the Association become liable for corporation tax it will be calculated at the rate applicable on any surplus it generates from non-charitable activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

2 a TURNOVER, COST OF SALES, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)

	Year ended 31 March 2023				
	Turnover £	Cost of Sales £	Operating Costs £	Operating surplus/ (deficit) £	
Social housing lettings	1,131,704		(1,131,972)	(268)	
Other social housing activities					
Leasehold bungalow services	153,298	-	(280,102)	(126,804)	
Leasehold bungalow sales	1,355,000	(1,093,350)		261,650	
	1,508,298	(1,093,350)	(280,102)	134,846	
Non-social housing activities					
Nursing home - Glebe Court	-	-	(29,320)	(29,320)	
Restaurant and leisure - Adams Hall	40,135	(40,135)	-	-	
Other	85,010		(59,824)	25,186	
	125,145	(40,135)	(89,144)	(4,134)	
TOTAL	2,765,147	(1,133,485)	(1,501,218)	130,444	

	Year ended 31 March 2022				
	Turnover £	Cost of Sales £	Operating Costs £	Operating surplus/ (deficit) £	
Social housing lettings	1,104,373		(1,027,942)	76,431	
Other social housing activities					
Leasehold bungalow services	160,128	-	(242,034)	(81,906)	
Leasehold bungalow sales	947,000	(806,809)	-	140,191	
-	1,107,128	(806,809)	(242,034)	58,285	
Non-social housing activities					
Nursing home - Glebe Court	1,773,602	-	(2,330,440)	(556,838)	
Restaurant and leisure - Adams Hall	36,265	(36,264)	-	1	
Other	66,938	-	(59,724)	7,214	
	1,876,805	(36,264)	(2,390,164)	(549,623)	
TOTAL	4,088,306	(843,073)	(3,660,140)	(414,907)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

2 b TURNOVER AND OPERATING COSTS FROM SOCIAL HOUSING LETTINGS

	Total 2023 Sheltered Housing (HfOP) £	Total 2022 Sheltered Housing (HfOP) £
Income Rent receivable net of identifiable service charge and voids Service charge receivable	716,992 393,922	673,438 410,145
Amortised government grants	20,790	20,790
Turnover from Social Housing Lettings	1,131,704	1,104,373
Operating costs Management Services Routine maintenance Planned maintenance Major repairs expenditure Depreciation of Housing Properties Operating costs on Social Housing Lettings Operating surplus/(deficit)	(349,241) (280,289) (127,010) (61,867) (4,506) (309,058) (1,131,971) (267)	(258,162) (304,287) (76,108) (76,185) (16,164) (297,036) (1,027,942) <u>76,431</u>
Void losses (being rental income lost as a result of property not being let, although it is available for letting)	(12,957)	(10,509)
3 Accommodation owned and managed		

5 Accommodation owned and managed	Total 2023	Total 2022
Social Housing		
Sheltered Housing (HfOP)	144	138
Leasehold bungalows	65	65
Total Social Housing Units	209	203
Market Rent	2	0
Care Homes - Non Social	0	47
Total Owned and Managed	211	250
Accommodation in development at year end		
Sheltered Housing (HfOP)	0	3
Market Rent	0	2
	0	5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

4	OPERATING SURPLUS	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
	This is stated after charging / (crediting): Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets: Housing properties Other tangible fixed assets Auditor's remuneration (excluding VAT) - audit services Auditor's remuneration (excluding VAT) - non audit services Cost of stock recognised as an expense CJRS (Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme) Government grants distributed by London Borough of Bromley	£ 303,703 29,656 13,000 - 31,465 - -	£ 297,036 81,420 15,500 5,000 29,900 (6,217) (113,518)
5	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	_	_
	Bank deposit interest	£ 13,580	£ 1,682
6	INTEREST AND FINANCE COSTS PAYABLE	£	£
	Bank loan interest (note 15) Pension scheme net interest and expenses (note 18)	114,781 17,782	60,489 21,788
		132,563	82,277

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

7 BOARD AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL REMUNERATION

Key management personnel are defined as the people responsible for planning and directing the activities of the Association. Members of the Board of Management, the Chief Executive, Head of Finance, Head of Housing, Head of Asset Maintenance are considered to be key management personnel. No remuneration was payable to any member of the Board of Management who are all non-executives.

The remuneration paid to key management personnel was:	Year ended 31 March 2023 £	Year ended 31 March 2022 £
Emoluments (including pension contributions, employers NIC and benefits in kind)	231,922	333,795
Emoluments (excluding pension contributions and benefits in kind) paid to the highest paid employee	109,320	111,754

The Association's Chief Executive is a member of the Social Housing Pension Scheme. The same pension terms applied to their membership of the Social Housing Pension Scheme (see note 16) as for other staff. The Association does not contribute to any individual pension arrangement for its Chief Executive. The Association has a NHF indemnity policy in place for Board and staff members. Aggregate pension contributions paid to the directors was £19,270 (2022: £14,000)

Emoluments band (including pension contribution and benefits in kind)

	£120,001 to £130,000 £ 60,001 to £ 70,000	1 1	1 0
8	EMPLOYEE INFORMATION		
	Average monthly number of employees	2023 Number	2022 Number
	Administration Care and nursing services Housing services	9.5 0 <u>15.4</u> 24.9	11 34 <u>18</u> <u>63</u>
	Full time Part time	9.3 15.6 24.9	33 30 63
	The average number of persons employed during the year expressed in full time equivalents (35 hours per week) was:	15	50
	Staff costs: Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs Agency staff	£ 510,582 50,728 38,714 <u>66,279</u> <u>666,303</u>	£ 1,746,209 138,580 74,178 489,045 2,448,012

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

9a TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - HOUSING PROPERTIES

Cost	Completed properties £	Assets in the course of construction £	Total £
At 1 April 2022 Additions to existing properties Transfers Disposals	10,431,135 407,065 100,436 -	100,436 - (100,436) -	10,531,571 407,065 - -
At 31 March 2023	10,938,636	-	10,938,636
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2022	1,849,884	-	1,849,884
Charge for year On disposals	303,703 -	-	303,703 -
At 31 March 2023	2,153,587		2,153,587
Net Book Value			
At 31 March 2023	8,785,049		8,785,049
At 31 March 2022	8,581,251	100,436	8,681,687

All housing properties are freehold and land is not depreciated.

Works to existing properties are capitalised where an enhancement or upgrade is carried out on the property which leads to an increase in economic benefits for the Association.

Total expenditure for the year on work to existing freehold properties was £637,831 (2022: £367,773) of which £407,065 (2022: £105,104) has been capitalised and £230,766 (2022: £262,669) has been charged to comprehensive income.

Freehold property with a net book value of £901,756 (2022: £921,363) is subject to a fixed charge in respect of bank loans (See Note 14).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

9b					
		Glebe Court Development Freehold £	Other Property £	Plant Machinery Fixtures & Vehicles £	Total £
Cost		2	L	L	L
	At 1 April 2022 Additions Work in progress Disposals	2,729,176	534,918 45,082 - -	829,621 - - -	4,093,715 45,082 - -
	At 31 March 2023	2,729,176	580,000	829,621	4,138,797
Depre	eciation				
	At 1 April 2022 Charge for year Disposals	967,549 2,031 -	131,571 13,010 -	721,549 14,615 -	1,820,669 29,656 -
	At 31 March 2023	969,580	144,581	736,164	1,850,325
Net B	ook Value				
	At 31 March 2023	1,759,596	435,419	93,457	2,288,472
	At 31 March 2022	1,761,627	403,347	108,072	2,273,046

Freehold property with a net book value of £1,759,596 (2022: £1,761,627) is subject to a fixed charge in respect of bank loans (See Note 14).

Following the closure of Glebe Court Nursing Home in March 2022, the asset is being held at its depreciated book value at 31 March 2022. Further depreciation was suspended from 1st April 2022. A valuation of the asset at the point of closure is above the book value and therefore an impairment of the asset is not appropriate. A decision on the future use of the asset has not been taken.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

10	STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS	2023 £	2022 £
	Goods for resale	5,462	6,879
		5,462	6,879
11	DEBTORS		
	Rent and service charge debtors Prepayments and accrued income	26,173 50,668	24,954 39,806
		76,841	64,760
12	CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS		
	Short term deposits	525,581	517,021
		525,581	517,021

Short term deposits have a maturity at the balance sheet date of 95 days (2022 - 95 days) and an average interest rate of 1.66% (2022 - 0.25%).

13 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

14

Bank loans	(note 15)	76,191	85,920
Trade Creditors	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	11,293	46,496
Other creditors		28,878	14,478
Other taxation a	nd social security	13,092	20,587
Accruals	,	96,356	197,218
Deferred income	:	,	,
Glebe Court Cor	servatory	-	2,030
Social Housing (20,790	20,790
5		-,	-,
		246,600	387,519
CREDITORS: A	mounts falling due in more than one ye	ar	
Bank loans	(note 15)	2,561,046	2,633,702
Deferred income	:		
Glebe Court Cor	servatory	-	-
Social Housing (Grant (note 16)	1,040,801	1,061,591
5			. ,
		3,601,847	3,695,293
			-,,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

15 BANK LOANS

16

One bank loan is secured by a fixed charge over Glebe Court freehold property. The bank loan terms of repayment are that the Borrower shall repay part of the loan as capital and interest over the 5 year term with the second part being paid in full by a single instalment on the final repayment date of 25th June 2025. Interest on both parts is payable as the aggregate of a margin of 1.75% above Base Rate. Arrangement fees of £23,750 will be amortised monthly over the loan period.

A second bank loan is secured by a fixed charge over Ashby Close freehold property. The bank loan terms of repayment are that the Borrower shall repay the loan as capital and interest over the 25 year term. Interest is payable as the aggregate of a margin of 1.75% above Base Rate. Arrangement fees of £10,000 will be amortised monthly over the first 10 years of the loan period.

		2023	2022
		£	£
	Repayable within one year	76,191	85,920
	Repayable within 2 - 5 years	1,758,202	1,849,753
	Repayable after more than 5 years	802,844	783,946
		2,637,237	2,719,620
6	DEFERRED CAPITAL GRANT INCOME	2023	2022
		£	£
	At 1 April	1,082,381	1,103,171
	Released to the income in the year	(20,790)	(20,790)
	At 31 March	1,061,591	1,082,381
	Amounts to be released within one year	20,790	20,790
	Amounts to be released in more than one year	1,040,801	1,061,591
	- -	1,061,591	1,082,381

The total accumulated amount of social housing grants received at 31 March 2023 was £2,102,003 (2022: \pounds 2,102,003) which is repayable under certain circumstances.

17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Association's financial instruments may be analysed as follows:

····· , ······························	2023	2022
Financial Assets	£	£
Financial Assets measured at cost Cash and cash equivalents	1,291,472	1,739,831
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost		
Rent and service charge debtors	26,173	24,954
Total Financial Assets	1,317,645	1,764,785
Financial Liabilities		
Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Trade creditors	11,293	46,496
Other creditors	28,878	14,478
Bank loans	2,637,237	2,719,622
Total Financial Liabilities	2,677,408	2,780,596

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

18 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Association participates in the TPT Retirement Solutions - Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS), a multi-employer pension scheme which provides benefits to non-associated participating employers. The scheme is classed as a 'last man standing' arrangement. Therefore, the association is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme of the scheme basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

The most recent formal actuarial valuation was completed as at 30 September 2020 and rolled forward, allowing for the different financial assumptions required under FRS 102, to 31 March 2023 by a qualified independent actuary.

Under the defined benefit pension acounting approach, the SHPS net deficit as at 1 April 2022 is £461,000 and £448,000 as at 31 March 2023.

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit asset (liability)

	Year ended 31/03/2023	Year ended 31/03/2022
Fair value of plan assets	2,278,000	3,263,000
Present value of defined benefit obligation	2,726,000	3,724,000
Surplus (deficit) in plan	(448,000)	(461,000)
Unrecognised surplus	-	-
Defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	(448,000)	(461,000)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	Year ended	Year ended
	31/03/2023	31/03/2022
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	3,724,000	3,986,000
Expenses	7,000	7,000
Interest expense	102,000	84,000
Contributions by plan participants	-	-
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	45,000	126,000
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	(9,000)	(71,000)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(996,000)	(266,000)
Benefits paid and expenses	(147,000)	(142,000)
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	2,726,000	3,724,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

18 PENSION COMMITMENTS (continued)

	Year ended 31/03/2023	Year ended 31/03/2022
Fair value of plan assets at start of period Interest income	3,263,000	3,230,000
	91,000	69,000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain (loss)	(1,043,000)	(5,000)
Contributions by the employer	114,000	111,000
Benefits paid and expenses	(147,000)	(142,000)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	2,278,000	3,263,000

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period from 31 March 2022 to 31 March 2023 was £952,000.

Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income (SOCI)

	Year ended 31/03/2023	Year ended 31/03/2022
Expenses Net interest expense Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive	7,000 11,000 18,000	7,000 15,000 22,000
income (SoCI) <u>Defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Income</u>		
	Year ended 31/03/2023	Year ended 31/03/2022
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	(1,043,000)	(5,000)
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain (loss)	(45,000)	(126,000)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	9,000	71,000
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	996,000	266,000
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain (loss)	(83,000)	206,000
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	(83,000)	206,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

18 **PENSION COMMITMENTS (continued)**

<u>Assets</u>

	Year ended 31/03/2023	Year ended 31/03/2022
Global Equity	43,000	626,000
Absolute Return	25,000	131,000
Distressed Opportunities	69,000	117,000
Credit Relative Value	86,000	108,000
Alternative Risk Premia	4,000	108,000
Fund of Hedge Funds	0	0
Emerging Markets Debt	12,000	95,000
Risk Sharing	168,000	107,000
Insurance-Linked Securities	58,000	76,000
Property	98,000	88,000
Infrastructure	260,000	232,000
Private Debt	101,000	84,000
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	97,000	110,000
High Yield	8,000	28,000
Opportunistic Credit	0	12,000
Cash	16,000	11,000
Corporate Bond Fund	0	218,000
Liquid Credit	0	0
Long Lease Property	69,000	84,000
Secured Income	105,000	122,000
Over 15 Year Gilts	0	0
Index Linked All Stock Gilts	0	0
Liability Driven Investment	1,049,000	910,000
Currency Hedging	4,000	(13,000)
Net Current Assets	6,000	9,000
Total Assets	2,278,000	3,263,000

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

Key	assum	ptions	

	Year ended 31/03/2023 % per annum	Year ended 31/03/2022 % per annum
	, por annum	
Discount Rate	4.88%	2.79%
Inflation (RPI)	3.20%	3.59%
Inflation (CPI)	2.74%	3.20%
Salary Growth	3.74%	4.20%
	75% of	75% of
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	maximum allowance	maximum allowance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

18 PENSION COMMITMENTS (continued)

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2023 imply the followin	g life expectancies: Life
	expectancy at
	(Years)
Male retiring in 2022	21.0
Female retiring in 2022	23.4
Male retiring in 2042	22.2
Female retiring in 2042	24.9

Contributions paid by the Association for its members of the defined contribution section of the scheme amounted to \pounds 38,716 (2022: \pounds 74,178).

The numbers of employees for whom contributions were made during the year were as follows:

	At 31 March:	2023	2022
Defined contribution section		23	75
	Total	23	75

2023

2022

Entry to the DB section was closed on 31 March 2013. Accrual of further benefits for DB section members ceased on 31 March 2016 with transfer to the defined contribution section offered to them from that date.

19 SHARE CAPITAL	
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	£	£
At 1 April 2022	22	27
(Forfeited)/issued during the year	(3)	(5)
At 31 March 2023	19	22

The Association has ordinary share capital of 19 shares of £1 each. The Association's shareholders do not receive a dividend from their shareholdings. Its rules prohibit a distribution to shareholders on winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is forfeited and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association.

Shareholders are entitled to attend the Annual General Meeting and receive a copy of the Association's Annual Report and information on the accounts, and stand for election to the Board or any committee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

20 RESERVES

	At 1 April 2022	Income	Expenditure	At 31 March 2023
	£	£	£	£
Revenue reserve Restricted reserve	8,156,490	2,778,727	(2,829,897)	8,105,320
Friends of Glebe Housing Association	65,879	-	(20,369)	45,510
Total funds	8,222,369	2,778,727	(2,850,266)	8,150,830

Restricted reserves consist of a donation received in a prior year for the benefit of the residents of Glebe Housing Association. All fund expenditure is agreed with the Friends of Glebe Housing Association. Expenditure of £20,369 was agreed in the year to 31 March 2023.

	At 1 April 2021	Income	Expenditure	At 31 March 2022
	£	£	£	£
Revenue reserve Restricted reserve:	8,445,992	4,089,988	(4,379,490)	8,156,490
Friends of Glebe Housing Association	65,879	-	-	65,879
Total funds	8,511,871	4,089,988	(4,379,490)	8,222,369

21 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

One Board member has close family who are residents. One Board member is a resident. Transactions are made at arm's length, on normal commercial terms and Board members cannot use their position to their advantage.

During the periods of relevant Board membership, rents and service charges paid by the related party residents amounted to £9,380 (2022: £9,445). No amounts were outstanding from any of the related parties at either year end.

One Board member, Daniel Blake, is a director of Florence that provided agency care staff to Glebe Court. Transactions were at arms length under normal commercial terms and the Board member cannot use their position to their advantage. Amounts paid to Florence in the year were £0 (2022: £159,289). No amounts were owed to Florence at year end. Mr. Blake resigned from the Board in June 2022.

22 TAXATION

The Association is an exempt charity for taxation purposes and, accordingly, its income and gains are not chargeable to taxation to the extent that these are applied for charitable purposes and arise from primary purpose charitable activities.

23 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2023	2022
	£	£
Expenditure contracted for but not provided in the accounts	-	-
Expenditure authorised by the board, but not contracted	-	26,968
	-	26,968

The expenditure will be funded from the Association's existing loan facilities and cash reserves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2023

24	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT	2023	2022
	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEE	BT	
	Decrease / (increase) in cash at bank Current asset investments Loan advances received Capitalised loan interest Loan redemption payments TOTAL	456,919 (8,560) - (82,385) 365,974	363,424 (1,414) - (96,302) 265,708
	Net Debt at 01 April	979,791	714,083
	Net Debt at 31 March	1,345,765	979,791

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT	At	Cash	At
	01/04/2022	Flows	31/03/2023
Cash at bank and in hand	1,222,810	(456,919)	765,891
Current asset investments	517,021	8,560	525,581
Loans falling due within one year	(85,920)	9,729	(76,191)
Loans falling due after more than one year	(2,633,702)	72,656	(2,561,046)
TOTAL	(979,791)	(365,974)	(1,345,765)